## F Lent Standard Form

Standard form is an efficient method of writing numbers that are very large and very small. It is always written as  $A \times 10^n$  where  $1 \le A < 10$  and n is an integer. You must be able to carry out all four operations with numbers in standard form  $(+, -, \times, \div)$ 

1. Convert the following to standard form.	
<ul><li>(a) 4600000000.</li><li>(b) 3220000000000.</li><li>(c) 0.0000000433.</li></ul>	
2. Convert the following to ordinary form.	
(a) $3.4 \times 10^5$ . (b) $2.91 \times 10^{-5}$ . (c) $3.01 \times 10^{-4}$ .	
3. Evaluate the following, giving your answer in standard form.	
(a) $(3 \times 10^{5}) \times (2 \times 10^{7})$ . (b) $(2 \times 10^{8}) \times (8 \times 10^{4})$ . (c) $(4 \times 10^{10}) \times (4 \times 10^{9})$ . (d) $(8 \times 10^{50}) \times (9 \times 10^{12})$ . (e) $(1 \times 10^{-5}) \times (2 \times 10^{-6})$ . (f) $(4 \times 10^{-12}) \times (3 \times 10^{5})$ . (g) $(5 \times 10^{-5}) \times (6 \times 10^{17})$ .	
(h) $\frac{4 \times 10^{12}}{2 \times 10^5}$ .	
(i) $\frac{8 \times 10^6}{2 \times 10^{13}}$ . (j) $\frac{2 \times 10^{14}}{4 \times 10^6}$ .	
(k) $\frac{4 \times 10^6}{8 \times 10^5}$ .	
(1) $\frac{1 \times 10^{-10}}{8 \times 10^{-16}}$ .	
(m) $\frac{2 \times 10^{12}}{5 \times 10^{-5}}$ .	
4. Evaluate the following, giving your answer in standard form.	
(a) $(3 \times 10^8) + (2 \times 10^7)$ . (b) $(2.6 \times 10^7) + (4.1 \times 10^8)$ . (c) $(4 \times 10^{-5}) + (3 \times 10^{-4})$ . (d) $(5 \times 10^{800}) + (3 \times 10^{801})$ . (e) $(9 \times 10^{356}) - (3 \times 10^{355})$ . (f) $(2 \times 10^a) + (7 \times 10^{a+2})$ .	
5. Evaluate the following (with the given conditions), giving your answer in standard for	m.
(a) If $a < \sqrt{10}$ and $b < \sqrt{10}$ find $(a \times 10^m) \times (b \times 10^n)$ . (b) If $a > \sqrt{10}$ and $b > \sqrt{10}$ find $(a \times 10^m) \times (b \times 10^n)$ .	